

Desktop Hardware:

First let us see the inside picture of CPU.



Now let's we see the inside parts of CPU and its uses

Hardware Name: Mother board



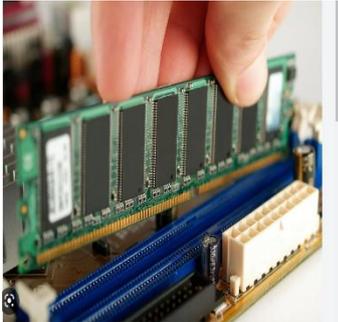
The motherboard is the backbone that ties the computer's components together at one spot and allows them to talk to each other. Without it, none of the computer pieces, such as the CPU, GPU, or hard drive, could interact. Total motherboard functionality is necessary for a computer to work well.

Hardware Name: CPU cooler or fan



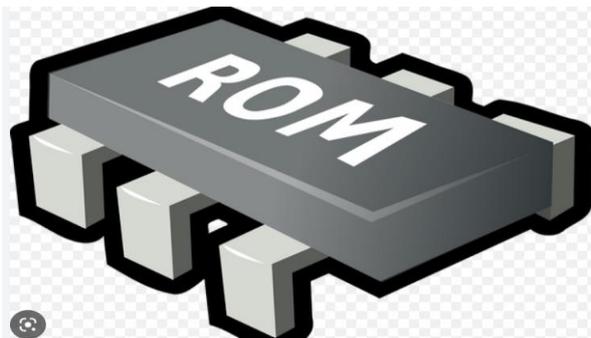
A computer fan is any fan inside, or attached to, a computer case used for active cooling.

Hardware Name: Ram (Random Access Memory)



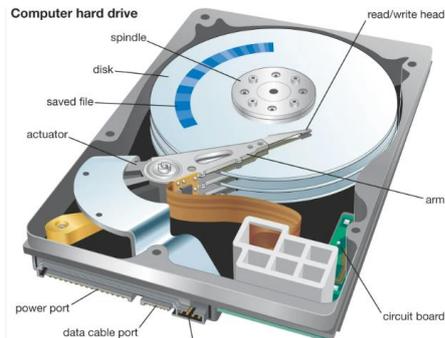
Ram is used to temporarily store data that is currently in use by the computer. Ram is known as volatile which means that it will only store data as long as the system has power. Once the system is turned off, anything stored in ram is automatically deleted. Ram is known as temporary storage.

Hardware Name: Rom (read Only Memory)



Rom, is a type of computer storage containing non-volatile, permanent data that, normally, can only be read, not written to. Rom contains the programming that allows a computer to start up or regenerate each time it is turned on.

Hardware Name: Hard Disk



Hard disk, also called hard disk drive or hard drive, magnetic storage medium for a computer.

Hardware Name: PSU (Power Supply Unit)



A power supply unit (PSU) converts mains ac to low-voltage regulated dc power for the internal components of a computer.

Hardware Name: SSD



Solid-state drives (SSD) are the most common storage drives today. SSD are smaller and faster than hard disk drives.